

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

Together with Independent Auditor's Report



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Assembly of Haines Borough Haines, Alaska

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinion**

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Haines Borough (the Borough), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, based on my audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

I did not audit the financial statements of the Haines Borough School District, which represents 3.3% of total assets in the Statement of Net Position and 21% of total revenues in the Statement of Activities. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to me, and my opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Haines Borough School District, is based on the report of the other auditors.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Borough and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audits. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Borough's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Borough's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Borough's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Borough's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that I identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, and pension and other post-employment schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my

inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 11, 2023 on my consideration of the Borough's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Borough's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 11, 2023

MEM

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2023

	F			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,312,000	\$ 300	\$ 4,312,300	\$ 1,674,011
Investments	11,580,947	-	11,580,947	-
Receivables	1,854,796	172,496	2,027,292	170,553
Internal balances, net Current portion of leases receivable	(4,419,557)	4,419,557	- 23,644	-
Inventory and prepaid expenses	20,161 90,498	3,483 338,686	429,184	19,212
Total Current Assets	13,438,845	4,934,522	18,373,367	1,863,776
RESTRICTED ASSETS	20, 100,0 13	.,55 .,522	20,070,007	2,000,77
Cash and cash equivalents	244,997	93,967	338,964	-
Investments	9,060,215	, -	9,060,215	-
Receivables	11,465	-	11,465	-
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Leases receivable, net of current portion	590,319	271,862	862,181	-
Net OPEB asset	1,556,675	135,365	1,692,040	1,504,962
Receivables, net of current portion	120,949	-	120,949	-
Capital assets, net	31,886,335	51,979,056	83,865,391	153,136
Total Assets	56,909,800	57,414,772	114,324,572	3,521,874
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	739,674	67,239	806,913	529,523
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	57,649,474	57,482,011	115,131,485	4,051,397
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	446,651	146,464	593,115	729
Accrued payroll	253,191	-	253,191	49,279
Deposits	-	55,221	55,221	-
Unearned revenue	1,617,999	-	1,617,999	40,376
Current portion of long-term obligations	1,192,659	174,411	1,367,070	-
Total Current Liabilities	3,510,500	376,096	3,886,596	90,384
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences	221,325	28,855	250,180	108,000
Bonds and loans payable Net pension liability	3,303,199 3,823,155	2,761,076	6,064,275	- 2 12E //20
Total Liabilities	10,858,179	332,448 3,498,475	4,155,603 14,356,654	3,135,428 3,333,812
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	758,505	288,216	1,046,721	159,189
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,616,684	3,786,691	15,403,375	3,493,001
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	11,010,001	3,700,031	13,103,373	3,133,001
Net Investment in Capital Assets	27,390,477	49,043,569	76,434,046	153,136
Restricted for:	27,030,177	13,013,303	7 0, 13 1,0 10	133,130
Bond reserves	-	93,967	93,967	-
Medical services	355,131	-	355,131	-
Capital projects	2,105,194	-	2,105,194	-
Economic development	1,419,502	-	1,419,502	-
Permanent fund - nonexpendable	8,659,590	-	8,659,590	-
Permanent fund - expendable	533,573		533,573	-
Unrestricted	5,569,323	4,557,784	10,127,107	405,260
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 46,032,790	\$ 53,695,320	\$ 99,728,110	\$ 558,396

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position								
			Fee	s, Fines, and	(	Operating	Ca	pital Grants										
			C	harges for	G	irants and		and	Go	overnmental	Business-type				ponent			
		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ontributions		Activities	Activities		Total	l	Jnits			
Primary Government																		
Governmental Activities																		
General government	\$	1,556,499	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,556,499)	\$ -	\$	(1,556,499)	\$	-			
Public safety		1,485,660		5,222		445,640		-		(1,034,798)	-		(1,034,798)		-			
Public works and streets		2,028,732		-		-		-		(2,028,732)	-		(2,028,732)		-			
Economic development		538,550		-		-		-		(538,550)	-		(538,550)		-			
Education		2,470,603		-		-		896,474		(1,574,129)	-		(1,574,129)		-			
Port development		109,461		-		381,545		-		272,084	-		272,084		-			
Culture, recreation and library		1,124,860		143,181		14,003		-		(967,676)	-		(967,676)		-			
Interest on long-term debt		241,065		-		-		-		(241,065)	-		(241,065)		-			
Total Governmental Activities		9,555,429		148,403		841,188		896,474		(7,669,364)	-		(7,669,364)		-			
Business-Type Activities																		
Water		833,400		473,916		-		-		-	(359,484)		(359,484)		-			
Sewer		862,011		576,813		-		-		-	(285,198)		(285,198)		-			
Small boat harbor		1,463,251		636,263		-		145,452		-	(681,536)		(681,536)		-			
Lutak dock		232,672		339,581		-		-		-	106,909		106,909		-			
Port Chilkoot dock		453,170		264,964		-		-		-	(188,206)		(188,206)					
Total Business-Type Activities		3,844,504		2,291,537		-		145,452		-	(1,407,515)		(1,407,515)		-			
Total Primary Government	\$	13,399,933	\$	2,439,940	\$	841,188	\$	1,041,926		(7,669,364)	(1,407,515)		(9,076,879)		-			
Component Units	\$	5,436,174	\$	51,888	\$	1,035,528	\$	-						(4	4,348,758)			
General Revenue and Transfers																		
Property taxes										3,479,657	-		3,479,657		-			
Sales taxes										4,722,342	-		4,722,342		-			
Provided by general government										-	-		-	:	1,638,448			
Intergovernmental revenue not res	tricte	ed to specific	prog	grams						8,348,346	-		8,348,346	3	3,174,364			
Investment income (loss)										302,300	104,210		406,510		38,694			
Contributions to Permanent Fund p	rinci	ipal - inflation	pro	ofing						363,533	-		363,533		-			
Licenses and permits										59,021	-		59,021		-			
Contributions and other										86,304	-		86,304		174,569			
Payments in lieu of taxes										284,825	-		284,825		-			
Land sales										35,978	-		35,978		-			
Transfers										(495,919)	495,919		_					
Total General Revenue and Transfe	rs									17,186,387	600,129		17,786,516	į	5,026,075			
Change in Net Position										9,517,023	(807,386)		8,709,637		677,317			
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning of	Year									36,515,767	54,502,706		91,018,473		(118,921)			
Net Position, End of Year									\$	46,032,790	\$ 53,695,320	\$	99,728,110	\$	558,396			

ASSETS	General Fund	P	ermanent Fund	Small Grants Special Revenue Fund		lew School ebt Service	Ca	pital Project Funds		assenger essel Tax	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$ 4,312,000 11,580,947 1,238,212 115,843 22,694 67,804	\$	244,997 9,060,215 11,465 - -	\$ - 24,207 1,622,094 -	\$	- 8,967 - - -	\$	1,144,964 1,088,633 - -	\$	- - - 211,790 - -	\$	169,875 2,166,379 -	\$	4,556,997 20,641,162 2,597,690 5,204,739 22,694 67,804
Total Assets	\$ 17,337,500	\$	9,316,677	\$ 1,646,301	\$	8,967	\$	2,233,597	\$	211,790	\$	2,336,254	\$	33,091,086
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 231,438 253,191 9,495,033 631,448	\$	1,941 - 121,573	9,592 - - 1,617,999	\$	- - 7,690	\$	128,403 - - -	\$	7,610 - - 202,475	\$	67,667 - - -	\$	446,651 253,191 9,624,296 2,451,922
Total Liabilities	10,611,110		123,514	1,627,591		7,690		128,403		210,085		67,667		12,776,060
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - leases receivable Unavailable revenue - land sales	138,567 610,480		- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - 29,575		138,567 610,480 29,575
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	749,047		-	-		-		-		-		29,575		778,622
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	90,498 2,124,788 706,272 3,055,785		8,659,590 - 533,573 -	- 18,710 - -		- 1,277 - -		- 2,105,194 - -		- - 1,705 -		- 2,239,012 - -		8,750,088 6,488,981 1,241,550 3,055,785
Total Fund Balances	5,977,343		9,193,163	18,710		1,277		2,105,194		1,705		2,239,012		19,536,404
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 17,337,500	\$	9,316,677	\$ 1,646,301	\$	8,967	\$	2,233,597	\$	211,790	\$	2,336,254		
Net position reported for governmental ac Capital assets used in governmental acti Unearned revenues and deferred inflow	vities are not financi	al re	sources and	therefore, are n		•			ed in	the Stateme	nt			31,886,335
of Net Position.  Contributions to the defined pension and Net Position	d OPEB plan and oth	ier re	elated amou	nts in the current	fisca	al year are de	ferr	ed outlfows o	n the	e Statement				1,002,065
of Net Position.  Pension and OPEB related deferred inflo over time.	ws are not recognize	ed im	nmediately a	nd, therefore, are	e not	t reported in	the	funds. These	item	s are amort	ized			739,674
Net OPEB assets are not available to pay Long-term liabilities, including bonds, co		•			•			in the current	neri	od and				1,556,675
therefore, are not reported in the fund	•	J diff	a the het per	ision nability are	1101	aac ana paya	אוטוכ	aic cuiteil	, hei	ou anu,				(8,540,338)
Net Position of Governmental Activities													\$	46,032,790

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Ge	Permanent General Fund Fund		The second secon			•			ital Project Passenger Funds Vessel Tax			Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds	
REVENUES																
Taxes Property	Ś	3,102,243	ċ		\$	_	Ś	385,478	ć	_	Ś		\$	14,195	ċ	3,501,916
Sales	Ş	2,302,513	Ş	-	Ş	_	Ş	303,470	Ş	1,219,120	Ş	_	Ş	1,200,709	Ş	4,722,342
Intergovernmental		2,302,313								1,213,120				1,200,703		7,722,372
Federal grants and contracts		429,264		_		455,420		_		3,117,220		_		_		4,001,904
Federal payments in lieu of taxes		401,458		-		-		_		-, , -		_		-		401,458
State grants and contracts		3,086,406		-		77,736		896,474		337,465		179,070		26,459		4,603,610
Rentals, Service and admission fees		148,403		-		· -		· -		, -		-		, -		148,403
Licenses and permits		59,021		-		-		-		-		-		-		59,021
Investment earnings (loss)		225,538		440,295		-		-		-		-		-		665,833
Contributions and other		83,924		-		2,380		-		-		-		-		86,304
Total Revenues		9,838,770		440,295		535,536		1,281,952		4,673,805		179,070		1,241,363		18,190,791
EXPENDITURES																
Current																
General government		1,010,146		23,664		-		-		-		-		12,794		1,046,604
Public safety		2,097,240				238,346		-		-		-		123,179		2,458,765
Public works and streets		1,212,123		-		-		-		-		-		241,174		1,453,297
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-		-		555,085		555,085
Education		1,827,340		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,827,340
Culture, recreation, and library		1,144,106				-		-		-		-		-		1,144,106
Debt service																
Principal		-		-		-		1,045,000		-		-		8,758		1,053,758
Interest		-		-		-		235,675		4 726 570		-		5,390		241,065
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		4,726,570						4,726,570
Total Expenditures		7,290,955		23,664		238,346		1,280,675		4,726,570		148,454		946,380		14,655,044
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues																
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,547,815		416,631		297,190		1,277		(52,765)		30,616		294,983		3,535,747
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																
Transfers in		388,019		450,000		_		-		989,932		_		26,200		1,854,151
Transfers out		(1,626,540)		-		(297,190)		-		(368,137)		(30,616)		(27,587)		(2,350,070)
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		17,989		17,989
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,238,521)		450,000		(297,190)		-		621,795		(30,616)		16,602		(477,930)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,309,294		866,631		-		1,277		569,030		-		311,585		3,057,817
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		4,668,049		8,326,532		18,710		-		1,536,164		1,705		1,927,427		16,478,587
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	5,977,343	\$	9,193,163	\$	18,710	\$	1,277	\$	2,105,194	\$	1,705	\$	2,239,012	\$	19,536,404

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,057,817
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are capitalized and are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	4,395,059 (1,542,280)	2,852,779
Other transactions involving sales of land net of cash collected. Cash collected is presented as current year income in the fund financial statements.		(17,989)
Changes in unearned revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. This amount is the change in the net amount recognized from year to year.		63,583
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds; however, this has no effect on net position since payments are applied to debt recorded on the Statement of Net Position rather than as an expense item. This amount reflects principal payments made during the fiscal year.		1,165,050
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Pension and other post-employment (expense) benefit, net of pension and other post-employment contributions reflected in the governmental funds  Change in compensated absences	ost-	2,392,985 2,798
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 9,517,023

# **BALANCE SHEETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

June 30, 2023

						Small Boat			Po	rt Chilkoot		
		Water		Sewer		Harbor	l	utak Dock		Dock		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Current Assets	\$	_	ċ		\$	300	ċ		\$	_	ċ	300
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	Þ	31,979	Ş	52,953	Ş	25,780	Ş	32,714	Ş	29,070	Ş	172,496
Due from other funds		47,303		557,481		939,163		2,646,984		344,469		4,535,400
Inventory		82,477		9,934		23,356		-		-		115,767
Prepaid expenses		75,000		147,919		-		-		-		222,919
Lease receivable, current portion		-		-		-		3,483		-		3,483
Total Current Assets		236,759		768,287		988,599		2,683,181		373,539		5,050,365
RESTRICTED ASSETS												
Revenue bond debt service reserve instruments		-		93,967		-		-		-		93,967
CAPITAL ASSETS												
Land		85,584		9,000		-		-		-		94,584
Buildings, net of accumulated depreciation		17,489		2,215,701		-		-		294,974		2,528,164
Improvements other than												
buildings, net of accumulated depreciation		8,715,649		3,462,180		27,814,340		1,437,248		6,712,905		48,142,322
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		47,022		67,108		46,747		-		-		160,877
Construction in progress		129,586		388,839		11,568		523,116		-		1,053,109
Total Capital Assets		8,995,330		6,142,828		27,872,655		1,960,364		7,007,879		51,979,056
LEASE RECEIVABLE, net of current portion		-		-		-		271,862		-		271,862
NET OPEB ASSET		50,762		16,921		67,682		-		-		135,365
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		24,445		8,146		34,648		-		-		67,239
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		9,307,296		7,030,149		28,963,584		4,915,407		7,381,418		57,597,854
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
CURRENT LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		19,130		53,758		69,047		3,165		1,364		146,464
Loan payable - current		92,520		-		-		-		-		92,520
Bond payable - current		-		81,891		-		-		-		81,891
Deposits		11,284		9,252		34,685		-		-		55,221
Due to other funds		-		-		115,843						115,843
Total Current Liabilities		122,934		144,901		219,575		3,165		1,364		491,939
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES												
Compensated absences		11,417		11,417		6,021		-		-		28,855
Revenue bonds payable		-		711,708		-		-		-		711,708
Loans payable		1,600,468		448,900		-		-		-		2,049,368
Net pension liability		124,668		41,556		166,224				-		332,448
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,736,553		1,213,581		172,245		-		-		3,122,379
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,828		1,609		6,434		275,345		-		288,216
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,864,315		1,360,091		398,254		278,510		1,364		3,902,534
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		7,302,342		4,900,329		27,872,655		1,960,364		7,007,879		49,043,569
Restricted for bond reserves		-		93,967		-		-		-		93,967
Unrestricted		140,639		675,762		692,675		2,676,533		372,175		4,557,784
Total Net Position	\$	7,442,981	Ś	5,670,058	\$	28,565,330	Ś	4,636,897	Ś	7,380,054	Ś	53,695,320

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water	Sewer	Small Boat Harbor	L	utak Dock	Po	ort Chilkoot Dock	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 473,916	\$ 576,813	\$ 636,263	\$	339,581	\$	264,964 \$	2,291,537
GENERAL REVENUES Intergovernmental - Federal Governments Intergovernmental - State Governments	-	- 141,997	3,455 -		-		- -	3,455 141,997
Total Operating and General Revenue	473,916	718,810	639,718		339,581		264,964	2,436,989
OPERATING EXPENSES Depreciation Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Utilities Banking and insurance Professional services Repairs and maintenance Vehicle Travel and training Advertising, dues and subscriptions	367,874 184,399 92,950 44,140 17,884 55,485 33,936 4,474 5,047 464	388,492 199,296 41,479 95,566 30,697 32,656 33,990 3,665 3,834 8,863	897,388 80,949 317,233 90,786 40,113 14,580 10,958 10,514		94,209 113,622 - 6,606 5,908 1,324 260 10,277 250 216		332,501 60,765 4,859 8,661 16,964 14,512 8,615 4,178 1,950 165	2,080,464 639,031 456,521 245,759 111,566 118,557 87,759 33,108 11,081 10,438
Total Operating Expenses	806,653	838,538	1,463,251		232,672		453,170	3,794,284
Operating Income (Loss)	(332,737)	(119,728)	(823,533)		106,909		(188,206)	(1,357,295)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) Investment income Interest expense	3,820 (26,747)	12,340 (23,473)	19,810 -		63,422 -		4,818 -	104,210 (50,220)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(22,927)	(11,133)	19,810		63,422		4,818	53,990
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(355,664)	(130,861)	(803,723)		170,331		(183,388)	(1,303,305)
Transfers In	120,516	70,145	274,642		-		30,616	495,919
Change in Net Position	(235,148)	(60,716)	(529,081)		170,331		(152,772)	(807,386)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	7,678,129	5,730,774	29,094,411		4,466,566		7,532,826	54,502,706
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 7,442,981	\$ 5,670,058	\$ 28,565,330	\$	4,636,897	\$	7,380,054 \$	53,695,320

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

				Small Boat			Ро	rt Chilkoot	
	Water		Sewer	Harbor	Li	utak Dock		Dock	Total
Cash FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Net cash transferred from (to) general fund	(318 (225	,018 ,341) ,521) ,897	\$ 718,273 (433,157) (212,415) 110,692	\$ 642,961 (564,157) (137,127) 113,679	\$	358,324 (31,366) (117,105) 76,082	\$	305,658 \$ (64,810) (60,765) (190,518)	2,502,234 (1,411,831) (752,933) 299,832
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	123	,053	183,393	55,356		285,935		(10,435)	637,302
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT	IVITIES								
Purchases of capital assets Net cash transferred from other funds Proceeds from loans Repayment of loan payable Interest on bonds and loan payable Repayment of bonds payable	(129 120 (91	,586) ,516 - ,056) ,747)	(224,735) 70,145 141,997 - (23,473) (83,282)	(349,808) 274,642 - - - -		(349,357) - - - - -		(24,999) 30,616 - - - -	(1,078,485) 495,919 141,997 (91,056) (50,220) (83,282)
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(126	,873)	(119,348)	(75,166)		(349,357)		5,617	(665,127)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Change in performance deposit Cash receipts from investments	3	- ,820	(76,385) 12,340	- 19,810		- 63,422		- 4,818	(76,385) 104,210
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	3	,820	(64,045)	19,810		63,422		4,818	27,825
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-	-		-		-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		-	_	300		_		-	300
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 300	\$	-	\$	- \$	300
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities	\$ (332	<u>,737)</u>	\$ (119,728)	\$ (823,533)	\$	106,909	\$	(188,206) \$	(1,357,295)
Depreciation		,874	388,492	897,388		94,209		332,501	2,080,464
Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit related Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(42	,002)	(13,999)	(56,005)		(3,483)		-	(115,489)
Receivables Due to/from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory	189 (75	,091 ,897 ,000)	(509) 110,692 - -	231 113,679 - 15,326		18,743 76,082 -		40,694 (190,518) - -	61,250 299,832 (75,000) 15,326
Accounts payable Compensated absences Deposits		,039 880 ,011	(182,407) 880 (28)	(94,569) (173) 3,012		(6,525) - -		(4,906) - -	(277,368) 1,587 3,995
Total adjustments	455	,790	303,121	878,889		179,026		177,771	1,994,597
Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 123	,053	\$ 183,393	\$ 55,356	\$	285,935	\$	(10,435) \$	637,302

# **COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

June 30, 2023

			N	on-major		
		nes Borough	Co	omponent		
	Sch	nool District		Unit		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,522,028	\$	151,983	\$	1,674,011
Receivables	۲	170,553	ڔ	131,363	۲	170,553
Inventory and prepaid expenses		19,212		-		19,212
Total Current Assets		1,711,793		151,983		1,863,776
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		153,136		-		153,136
OPEB ASSETS		1,504,962		-		1,504,962
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Pension and OPEB, net		529,523		-		529,523
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,899,414		151,983		4,051,397
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		729		_		729
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		49,279		-		49,279
Deferred revenue		40,376		-		40,376
Total Current Liabilities		90,384		-		90,384
NONCURRENT PORTION OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATION	S					
Compensated absences		108,000		-		108,000
Net pension liability		3,135,428		-		3,135,428
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Pension and OPEB		159,189		-		159,189
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,493,001		-		3,493,001
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		153,136		-		153,136
Unrestricted		253,277		151,983		405,260
Total Net Position	\$	406,413	\$	151,983	\$	558,396

# COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

				Prog	ram Revenues			N	let (Expense) R	evenu	e and Change	s in N	let Position
			 Fines and arges for	Operating Grants and				nes Borough		on-Major omponent			
		Expenses	ervices		Contributions		Contributions		hool District		Unit		Total
Component Units Haines Borough School District Non-Major Component Unit	\$	5,411,792 24,382	\$ 51,888 -	\$	1,019,739 15,789	\$	-	\$	(4,340,165)	\$	- (8,593)	\$	(4,340,165) (8,593)
Total Component Units	\$	5,436,174	\$ 51,888	\$	1,035,528	\$			(4,340,165)		(8,593)		(4,348,758)
General Revenues Provided by general governmen Grants not restricted to specific Investment income Contributions and other		grams							1,605,000 3,174,364 38,409 174,569		33,448 - 285 -		1,638,448 3,174,364 38,694 174,569
Total General Revenues									4,992,342		33,733		5,026,075
Change in Net Position									652,177		25,140		677,317
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning	of Y	ear							(245,764)		126,843		(118,921)
Net Position, End of Year								\$	406,413	\$	151,983	\$	558,396

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Haines Borough ("the Borough") was created in October 2002, when the public voted to combine the Haines Borough with the City of Haines. The Borough is incorporated under the laws of the State of Alaska as a Home Rule borough. The Borough operates under a Manager-Assembly form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and medical services), streets and sidewalks, water and sewer, health, culture-recreation and economic development, port authority, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The accompanying financial statements present the Borough and its component units. The Borough Assembly approves the total annual budgets of these entities and annually provides significant operating subsidies to them. In addition, the Borough levies taxes on behalf of the Haines Borough School District ("the School District"). Accordingly, the Borough is considered to be financially accountable for these entities. However, each entity has a separate governing board (the District's board is elected by the public) and the component units are therefore discretely presented in the financial statements. The component units are:

- Haines Borough School District which provides elementary and secondary education within the Borough's jurisdiction.
- Klehini Valley Volunteer Fire Department which provides fire protection in the Klehini Valley.

Information about major component units is included in the Component Unit Combining Statement of Net Position (page 12) and the Component Unit Combining Statement of Activities (page 13).

Complete financial statements for the School District may be obtained from the School District's administrative offices:

Haines Borough School District P.O. Box 1289 Haines, AK 99827

The other component unit does not have separately audited financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position (Deficit) and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the Borough) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Borough. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Borough, and for each function of the Borough's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges to

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Borough reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the Borough's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Permanent Fund – Accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity. The fund represents the cumulative net proceeds from the sale of municipal lands less construction of public improvements within local improvement districts. The principal balance of the fund cannot be spent and must be held in trust for the benefit of future residents of the Borough. Only income of the fund may be spent. The Assembly shall provide for the protection of the fund principal from the effects of inflation and may appropriate any remaining income for Borough expenses.

Small Grants Special Revenue Fund – Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the Borough's small grants which included American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) pass-through grant from the State of Alaska in the fiscal year.

New School Debt Service – Accounts for property tax revenue and State of Alaska grants used to make payments on the bonds that were issued to construct the new school and related projects.

Capital Project Funds — Accounts for amounts spent on capital improvement and replacement projects, primarily funded by government grants and sales taxes that benefit the entire Borough area.

Passenger Vessel Tax – Accounts for docks and harbors improvements, funded by passenger vessel taxes. The Borough did not adopt a budget for this fund for the fiscal year.

The Borough reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – Accounts for activities including operating the water storage and distribution systems.

*Sewer Fund* – Accounts for activities including operating the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations, and collection systems.

Small Boat Harbor Fund – Accounts for activities including operating the small boat harbor.

Lutak Dock Fund – Accounts for activities including operating Lutak Dock.

Port Chilkoot Dock Fund – Accounts for activities including operating Port Chilkoot Dock.

Garbage service for the Borough is not operated by the Borough government, but is provided by a private business.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when financial activities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, respectively. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments (if any), are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary (or enterprise) funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Borough's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer funds also recognize as operating revenue fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the systems.

Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable on November 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property approximately one year from the due date. The Borough bills and collects taxes for its own and school purposes. Borough property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, which is generally when levied. Delinquent property taxes are not considered currently available, so they are reported as deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

#### **Land Sales**

The Borough also occasionally sells land using long-term receivable contracts. In the fund financial statements, the amounts due on the receivable contracts are not available to finance current period expenditures; therefore, they are reported as deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements. The amounts due on the receivable contracts are recognized as revenue when the funds are

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

available to meet current period expenditures. These contracts are revenue for the government-wide Statement of Activities when the sale occurs.

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from the estimated amounts.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Balance

#### **Deposits and Investments**

All cash deposits are in a single financial institution and are carried at cost. The Borough considers all investments in money market funds and highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Borough pools most of its cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. The majority of the cash balances are recorded in the general fund with amounts allocated to the appropriate funds.

Securities are stated at fair market values determined by established trading market prices and any gains and losses (realized and unrealized) are included in the Borough's financial activities. Security transactions are recorded on the trade date.

#### Receivables and Leases Receivable

All receivables are reported at gross value and, if appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Leases receivable are recorded at their net present value of future lease noncancellable lease payments, including all reasonably certain extensions, discounted at the Borough's estimated lending rate, which approximates its borrowing rate. Leases receivable are offset by a corresponding deferred inflow of resources until the related lease inflows are available.

# Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arising from interfund transactions are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which the transactions are executed and are current obligations. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### Inventory

Inventory consists of fuel, parts, supplies and museum merchandise, and is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market. Reported governmental fund inventories are equally offset by a portion of fund balance classified as nonspendable in the fund financial statements, which indicates that they do not constitute "available and spendable resources" even though they are a component of net capital assets.

#### **Prepaid Expenses**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

# **Restricted Assets**

Certain cash, investments, and receivables are classified as restricted assets in the accompanying financial statements because they are permanently held for the benefit of future residents of the Borough. In addition, assets which are restricted for specific uses by bond covenants, grant provisions, or other requirements are classified as restricted assets.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of receipt.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or do not materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Life
Building structures and other improvements	10 – 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 – 15 years
Roads, bridges and harbor infrastructure	15 – 50 years

All significant capital assets including infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported by the Borough.

# **Compensated Absences**

It is the Borough's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave benefits. All personal leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Amounts received from grants and other sources, but not yet spent for their restricted purpose, are shown on the balance sheet as unearned revenue on both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund balance sheets.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's and TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as PERS and TRS, assuming the State's pension support under AS 39.35.280 is a "Special Funding Situation" as defined by GASB 68. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Alaska

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as PERS, and assuming the State's OPEB support under AS 39.35.280 is a "Special Funding Situation" as defined by GASB 75. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and related debt. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Borough Assembly or through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources as budgeted by the Borough Assembly and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Balance**

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The Borough classifies its fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance categories. See Note 8 for further information on the Borough's fund balance classifications.

In governmental funds, the Borough's policy regarding when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available is to consider restricted amounts to be reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, then committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts.

The Borough has not formally adopted a policy with respect to the minimum fund balance amount.

#### Reclassifications

Certain prior year financial statement balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### **Date of Subsequent Review**

The Borough has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, which is commensurate with the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The Assembly made several supplemental budgetary appropriations during the year. The significant supplemental budgetary appropriations made were related to intergovernmental revenue, wage and related expenses, and other operating expenses.

# **NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The Borough follows the practice of pooling cash equivalents of its various funds. The financial activity of the pooled cash and cash equivalents is accounted for in the General Fund. In some instances, funds may overdraft their available cash balance in the general fund. Specific fund overdrafts are treated as short-term loans and are included on the balance sheets as liabilities in "due to other funds." Funds' interest in pooled cash and cash equivalents is included on the balance sheets as assets in "due from other funds". Interest income from pooled cash equivalents is allocated ratably over the various funds.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amounts of the Borough's cash and cash equivalents balances were \$2,937,680 while the bank and other institution balances were \$3,112,323. These balances are categorized as follows:

	Bank Balance		
Amount insured by the FDIC (up to \$250,000) or			
collateralized with securities held by the bank			
or other institutions	\$	3,480,666	
Uncollateralized/uninsured			
	\$	3,480,666	

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts placed with the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP) totaling \$304,788 at June 30, 2023. AMLIP is considered to be an external investment pool. Regulatory oversight of AMLIP is established by Alaska State Statute 37.23, which sets forth the requirements regarding authorized investments and reporting. The Borough's share of its deposit with AMLIP is recorded at net asset value which is determined by the amortized cost of AMLIP's underlying portfolio, which approximates fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents for component units other than the School District are fully insured by the FDIC.

The following is the reconciliation of various components of cash to amounts presented in the statement of net position:

	Carrying Amount		
Reconciliation to statement of net position-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,312,300	
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		244,997	
Revenue bond debt service reserve instruments		93,967	
	\$	4,651,264	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2023, the Borough maintains a mater repurchase agreement with a depository financial institution, First National Bank of Alaska (FNBA), which is fully collateralized. Balances at other financial institutions are subject to coverage provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Money market mutual funds and AMLIP seek to preserve a \$1 net asset value per share, collateralized by underlying securities.

#### **NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS**

Credit risk – Statutes authorize the Borough to invest in obligations insured or guaranteed by the United States government or its agencies, as well as obligations of the State of Alaska or municipalities of the state, certificates of deposit, and corporate obligations of prime or equivalent quality as recognized by a nationally recognized rating organization. In addition, the Permanent Fund may be partially invested in equities.

Custodial credit risk – The Borough does not have a formal investment policy related to custodial credit risk, but management does not believe there is significant risk with respect to uncollateralized funds based on the nature and size of the custodian.

*Interest rate risk* – The Borough does not have a formal investment policy that limits maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Fair market value of securities is determined by established trading market prices.

Investments made by the Borough are summarized below:

	Invest	Investment Maturities (in years)							
	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	Total					
Investments held by agent in the Borough's name									
Certificates of deposit	\$ -	\$ 1,473,454	\$ -	\$ 1,473,454					
U.S. Government instruments	244,318	5,805,902	-	6,050,220					
Corporate debt	732,258	3,156,061	-	3,888,319					
Municipal securities	-	170,874	-	170,874					
Total debt securities	\$ 976,576	\$ 10,606,291	\$ -	11,582,867					
Equity funds				9,058,295					
Total Investments made by the Boro	ough			\$ 20,641,162					
Reconciliation to statement of net p	oosition:								
Investments				11,580,947					
Restricted investments				9,060,215					
Total Investments made by the Boro	ough			\$ 20,641,162					

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The credit quality ratings of the Borough's corporate debt, municipal securities, and U.S. Government instrument investments as of June 30, 2023, as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, are shown below:

	Investment Fair						
	S&P Rating		Value	Percentage of Total			
Corporate debt	Α	\$	1,448,521	12.5%			
Corporate debt	A-		1,953,510	16.9%			
Corporate debt	BBB		486,288	4.2%			
Municipal securities	AA3		170,874	1.5%			
U.S. Government instruments	AAA		5,561,235	48.0%			
U.S. government agencies	AA+		488,985	4.2%			
Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated		1,473,454	12.7%			
		\$	11,582,867	100.0%			

# Fair Value Measurements

The Borough categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 input is quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 is used when there are no observable inputs.

At June 30, 2023, the Borough had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments by Fair Value	Fair	Fair Value Measurements Using				
Level	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Investments in Exchange						
Traded Funds	\$ 9,058,295	\$ 9,058,295	\$ -	\$ -		
Certificates of Deposit	1,473,454	-	1,473,454	-		
U.S. Government Instruments	6,050,220	-	6,050,220	-		
Corporate Debt	3,888,319	-	3,888,319	-		
Municipal Securities	170,874	-	170,874	-		
Total Investment By Fair						
Value Level	\$ 20,641,162	\$ 9,058,295	\$ 11,582,867	\$ -		

Securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a market-based model which considers yield, price of comparable securities, coupon rate, maturity, credit-quality, and dealer-provided prices. The Borough does not have any securities classified in Level 3.

This section left intentionally blank.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUE

Receivables at June 30, 2023, for the individual major and aggregate nonmajor funds were as follows:

		Land		Revolving		State and	Accrued		
		Sale/LID	Leases	Loan	Customer	Federal	Interest		
	Taxes	Contracts	receivable	Contracts	Charges	Governments	and Other	Total	
Governmental funds:									
General fund	\$ 305,051	\$ -	\$ 610,480	\$ 106,375	\$ -	\$ 110,703	\$ 716,083	\$1,238,212	
Permanent fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,465	11,465	
Small grant special revenue	-	-	-	-	-	24,207	-	24,207	
New school debt service	-	-		-	-	8,967	-	8,967	
Capital project funds	143,083	-	-	-	-	1,001,881	-	1,144,964	
Other governmental funds	155,301	14,574	-	-	-	-	-	169,875	
Enterprise funds:									
Water fund	-	-	-	-	31,979	-	-	31,979	
Sewerfund	-	-	-	-	52,953	-	-	52,953	
Small boat harbor fund	-	-	-	-	25,780	-	-	25,780	
Lutak dock fund	-	-	275,345	-	32,714	-	-	308,059	
Port Chilkoot dock fund	-	-	-	-	29,070	-	-	29,070	
Total	\$ 603,435	\$ 14,574	\$ 885,825	\$ 106,375	\$ 172,496	\$ 1,145,758	\$ 727,548	\$3,045,531	
De seu ciliation te atatament e	.f								
Reconciliation to statement of Current receivables	n net positio	in:						¢ 2 027 202	
	ما طمین مم							\$2,027,292	
Current portion of leases r		_						23,644	
Leases receivable, net of c	urent portio	n						862,181 11,465	
•									
Noncurrent receivables, ne	et of current	portion						120,949	
								\$3,045,531	

All receivables other than land sales, leases receivable (See Note 6) and revolving loans are expected to be collected within one year. Land sales are to be collected over various terms with interest charged at 10%. The current portion of these contracts is approximately \$15,000. Receivables also include \$152,474 due from Juneau Economic Development Council (JEDC) pursuant to an agreement for JEDC to establish a revolving loan fund. All loans made by the JEDC under the agreement have been repaid to JEDC.

Governmental funds report deferred inflow of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also recognize unearned revenue, a liability, in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At June 30 2023, the various components of deferred inflow of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds balance sheets and the statements of net position were as follows:

	Un	available	Ur	nearned		Total
Property taxes receivable	\$	138,567	\$	-	\$	138,567
Payments in lieu of taxes, Secure Rural Schools and other		-		631,448		631,448
Leases receivable		610,480				610,480
Land sale/LID receivables (including accrued interest)		29,575		-		29,575
Grants and contributions		-	1	1,820,474		1,820,474
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources/Unearned						
Revenue for Governmental Funds		778,622	2	2,451,922		3,230,544
Amounts recognized in the government-wide						
financial statements:						
Property taxes receivable		(138,567)		-		(138,567)
Payments in lieu of taxes, Secure Rural Schools and other		-		(631,448)		(631,448)
Land sales/LID receivables		(29,575)		-		(29,575)
Total Unearned Revenue and Deferred Inflows for					·	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	\$	610,480	\$ 1	1,617,999	\$	2,228,479

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **NOTE 6 – LEASES RECEIVABLE**

Leases to third parties, including lease inflows for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	ual Lease nflows
Governmental funds:	
General fund:	
Building Lease to the State of Alaska initiated in 2005, terminating in 2025 with no remaining options for extension. No variable lease payment provisions.	\$ 6,183
Tidelands lease to a corporation initiated in fiscal year 2020, terminating in 2050 with one optional five year extension. No variable lease payment provisions.	8,712
Property lease to a corporation initiated in fiscal year 2011, terminating in 2030 with three successive optional five-year extensions. No variable lease payment provisions.	28,480
Property lease to a corporation initiated in fiscal year 2014, terminating in 2039 with two successive optional five-year extensions. No variable lease payment provisions.	1,309
Property lease to a corporation initiated in fiscal year 2007, terminating in 2027 with three successive optional five-year extensions. No variable lease payment provisions.	6,000
Enterprise funds:	
Lutak Dock fund:	
Property lease to a corporation initiated in fiscal year 2020, terminating in 2030 with five successive optional five-year extensions	17,424
Total annual lease inflows	\$ 68,108

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

capital assets for the year chaca same 50, 2	Balance,		Transfers/	Balance,
Governmental activities	June 30, 2022	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 1,151,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,151,005
Construction in progress	909,915	3,981,483	(3,036,118)	1,855,280
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,060,920	3,981,483	(3,036,118)	3,006,285
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	35,945,384	160,064	-	36,105,448
Other improvements	12,238,495	2,886,933	-	15,125,428
Furniture and equipment	5,666,126	402,698	(447,160)	5,621,664
Road network	2,050,070	-	-	2,050,070
Total Other Capital Assets	55,900,075	3,449,695	(447,160)	58,902,610
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	20,221,497	743,637	-	20,965,134
Other improvements	4,509,334	398,534	-	4,907,868
Furniture and equipment	3,923,413	400,110	(447,160)	3,876,363
Road network	273,195	-	-	273,195
Total Accumulated Depreciation	28,927,439	1,542,281	(447,160)	30,022,560
Other Capital Assets, net	26,972,636	1,907,414		28,880,050
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$29,033,556	\$ 5,888,897	\$ (3,036,118)	\$31,886,335

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Business-type activities	Balance, June 30, 2022	Increases	Transfers/ Decreases	Balance, June 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:	,			<u>,                                      </u>
Land and improvements	\$ 94,584	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,584
Construction in progress	386,956	1,031,005	(364,852)	1,053,109
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	481,540	1,031,005	(364,852)	1,147,693
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	3,113,695	-	-	3,113,695
Other improvements (including distribution and				
collection systems)	79,392,852	364,852	(42,646)	79,715,058
Equipment	396,952	47,480	-	444,432
Total Other Capital Assets	82,903,499	412,332	(42,646)	83,273,185
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	476,509	109,022	-	585,531
Other improvements (including distribution and	-,	,-		,
collection systems)	29,682,384	1,932,998	(42,646)	31,572,736
Equipment	245,111	38,444	-	283,555
Total Accumulated Depreciation	30,404,004	2,080,464	(42,646)	32,441,822
Other Capital Assets, net	52,499,495	(1,668,132)	-	50,831,363
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$52,981,035	\$ (637,127)	\$ (364,852)	\$51,979,056

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Borough as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 166,217
Public safety	94,204
Public works and streets, including depreciation	
of general infrastructure assets	377,488
Economic development	13,712
Education	669,721
Port development	10,695
Culture, recreation, and library	210,244
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	
Activities	\$ 1,542,281
Business-type activities	
Water	\$ 367,874
Sewer	388,492
Small Boat Harbor	897,388
Lutak Dock	94,209
Port Chilkoot dock fund	332,501
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type	
Activities	\$ 2,080,464

The Borough owns the land and buildings used by the School District and records the land, buildings, and certain equipment as part of governmental activity capital assets. At June 30, 2023, the cost and accumulated depreciation associated with these assets was \$23,655,766 and \$11,909,602, respectively.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **NOTE 8 - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Nonspendable fund balance is that portion of fund equity that cannot be spent either because it is in a nonspendable form or because it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Restricted fund balance is that portion of fund equity that has constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Committed fund balance is that portion of fund equity that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action by the Borough Assembly. Formal action by the Assembly is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Assigned fund balance is that portion of fund equity that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the governing body itself or by the Borough Manager or his designee to whom the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is that portion of fund balances not included in other spendable classifications.

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances are composed of the following:

			Small Grants		Capital		Other	Total
		Permanent		pecial New School		Projects Passenger		Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Revenue	Debt Service	Funds	Vessel Tax	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable								
Permanent fund	\$ -	\$ 8,659,590	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,659,590
Inventory	67,804	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,804
Prepaid expenses	22,694		-	-	-	-	-	22,694
Total Nonspendable	90,498	8,659,590	-	-	-	-	-	8,750,088
Restricted								
Road maintenance	72,574	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,574
Fire service areas	64,137	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,137
Debt service	-	-	-	1,277	-	-	307	1,584
Capital projects	527,535	-	-	-	2,105,194	-	-	2,632,729
Medical services	-	-	-	-	-	-	355,131	355,131
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,499,427	1,499,427
Land development	-	-	18,710	-	-	-	384,147	402,857
Townsite service area	1,460,542	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,460,542
Total Restricted	2,124,788	-	18,710	1,277	2,105,194	-	2,239,012	6,488,981
Assigned								
Passenger vessel tax Subsequent year	-	-	-	-	-	1,705	-	1,705
expenditures	706,272	-	-	-	-	-	-	706,272
Permanent fund	-	533,573	-	-	-	-	-	533,573
Total assigned	706,272	533,573	-	-	-	1,705	-	1,241,550
Unassigned	3,055,785	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,055,785
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,977,343	\$ 9,193,163	\$ 18,710	\$ 1,277	\$ 2,105,194	\$ 1,705	\$ 2,239,012	\$ 19,536,404

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The Borough's long-term obligations include general obligation debt and revenue bonds, pension and OPEB liabilities and compensated absences. General obligation bonds and loans are direct obligations of the Borough and the Borough has pledged its full faith and credit to their repayment. Revenue bonds are payable from the sewer user fees. Compensated absences included in governmental activities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

					Amounts
	Balance,			Balance,	Due Within
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds and notes payable:					
Private placement USDA bonds	\$ 115,626	\$ -	\$ (8,758)	\$ 106,868	\$ 9,167
Direct placement school					
construction bonds	5,230,000	-	(1,045,000)	4,185,000	1,100,000
Bond premium	315,282	-	(111,292)	203,990	83,492
Total bonds and notes payable	5,660,908	-	(1,165,050)	4,495,858	1,192,659
Net pension liability	3,464,865	_	280,525	3,745,390	-
Compensated absences	224,123	-	(2,798)	221,325	-
Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 9,349,896	\$ -	\$ (887,323)	\$ 8,462,573	\$ 1,192,659
	Balance,			Balance,	Amounts Due Within
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	One Year
<b>Business-type Activities</b>					
Bonds and notes payable:					
Private placement AMBBA sewer					
revenue bonds	\$ 805,000	\$ -	\$ (60,000)	\$ 745,000	\$ 60,000
State of Alaska DEC loans payable	2,109,399	141,997	(109,508)	2,141,888	109,551
Bond premium	53,459	-	(4,860)	48,599	4,860
Total bonds and notes payable	2,967,858	141,997	(174,368)	2,935,487	174,411
Net pension liability	301,293	-	24,394	325,687	-
Compensated absences	24,938	3,917		28,855	
Business-type Activities					

This section left intentionally blank.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

nd notes payable at June 30, 2023, are compromised of the following inc	divid	ual issues:
Governmental Activities:		
\$1,155,000 2015 school construction bonds, due in annual installments of		
\$35,000 to \$90,000, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.25%, through June 2036 (not		
including unamortized premium of \$78,166 at June 30, 2022)	\$	870,000
\$9,440,000 2014 school construction bonds, due in annual installments of		
\$775,000 to \$1,160,000, plus interest at 1.25% to 5.0%, through October 2025		
(not including unamortized premium of 237,116 at June 30, 2022)		3,315,000
Bonds payable to the United States Department of Agriculture used for		
construction of new library, due in semi-annual installments of \$7,074 through		
September 6, 2032, including interest at 4.75%		106,868
Total governmental activities bonds payable		4,291,868
Unamortized premium		203,990
Total governmental activities bonds payable		4,495,858
Less current portion		(1,192,659)
Governmental activities long-term bonds payable	\$	3,303,199
Business-type Activities:		
\$1,210,000 2013 sewer revenue bonds, due in semi-annual installments of		
\$61,849 to \$81,856, including interest at 2%, through 2033 (not including		
umamortized premium of \$53,459 at June 3, 2022)	\$	745,000
		-,
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$14,439 including interest at 1.5%, through 2034		145,418
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$3,422, including interest at 1.5%, through 2036		40,148
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$6,045 including interest at 1.5%, through 2034		60,881
		00,001
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$5,499, including interest at 1.5%, through 2037		68,973
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$12,079, including interest at 1.5%, through 2038		169,483
Loan from the State of Alacka Department of Environmental Concernation, due		
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due in annual installments of \$60,413, including interest at 1.5%, through 2041		1 260 066
in annual instainhents of 300,413, including interest at 1.3%, through 2041		1,268,966
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$4,163, including interest at 1.5%, through 2041		92,317
Loan from the State of Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, due		
in annual installments of \$11,628, including interest at 1.5%, through 2041		295,702
Total business-type activities bond and loans payable		2,886,888
Unamortized premium		48,599
Total business-type activities bond and note payable debt		2,935,487
Less current portion		(174,411)
Business-type activities long-term bond and note payable debt	\$	2,761,076

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In conjunction with the issuance of the above school construction bonds, the State of Alaska Department of Education and Early Development (DEED) has approved the project for a 70% reimbursement rate from the State of Alaska. As State of Alaska funding is on a reimbursement basis, the eventual payments to be received have not been recognized in these financial statements. Furthermore, the State of Alaska reduced funding amounts in fiscal year 2020 and eliminated funding in fiscal year 2021 due to budget constraints from the levels originally approved by DEED.

In the event of default, the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank Authority (AMBBA) could intercept any amounts due to the Borough from the State of Alaska to satisfy the Borough's outstanding principal and interest payments due on the its private placement bonds sold to AMBBA.

The debt service annual requirements to amortize bond and note payable debt outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Governmenta	l Activities:
-------------	---------------

Year Ending June 30	Principal		pal Interest		Total
2024	\$ 1,192,659	\$	241,478	\$	1,434,137
2025	1,218,872		187,452		1,406,324
2026	1,248,740		130,656		1,379,396
2027	73,075		70,966		144,041
2028	77,978		38,753		116,731
2029-2033	427,022		140,115		567,137
2034-2038	257,512		36,929		294,441
	\$ 4,495,858	\$	846,349	\$	5,342,207

#### **Business-type Activities:**

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	174,411	\$	58,388	\$	232,799
2025	181,028		181,028 53,777			234,805
2026		182,667		49,159		231,826
2027		189,331		1 44,901		234,232
2028		191,992		41,052		233,044
2029-2033		1,047,210		145,635		1,192,845
2034-2038		549,928		53,984		603,912
2039-2043		418,920		14,170		433,090
	\$	2,935,487	\$	461,066	\$	3,396,553

# **NOTE 10 – BOND REQUIREMENTS**

The various bonds of the enterprise funds require establishment of certain cash reserves and maintenance of certain revenue levels.

The sewer revenue bonds required the establishment of a reserve account. The required reserve account was set up and fully funded in prior years. The reserve account balance at June 30, 2023, was \$93,967. These bond agreements also require that the Borough maintain sewer rates at a level which will produce an annual amount of Net Operating Revenue, as defined by the agreement, before depreciation equal to at least 1.25 times the maximum amount required each year for debt service. In fiscal year 2023, sewer fund Net Operating Revenues were \$139,107 and the debt service requirement was \$87,344 resulting in a ratio of 1.31.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The Borough participates the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS is governed by the Alaska Retirement Management Board (the "Board" or the "System"), which consists of nine trustees, as follows: the Commissioner of the Department of Administration, the Commissioner of the Department of Revenue, two trustees who are members of the general public, one trustee who is employed as a finance officer for a political subdivision participating in either the PERS or Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), two trustees who are members of PERS, and two trustees who are members of TRS. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers/employee/ resources/index.html.

### Description of Plans Available to Employees

The Borough provides three types of plans to its employees through its participation in PERS. A cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit (DB) pension plan administered by the State of Alaska is provided, which includes a defined benefit health plan under the State of Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT), a healthcare trust fund of the State of Alaska. The DB, including ARHCT, was closed to all new members effective July 1, 2006.

A Defined Contribution Pension Plan (DC Plan) provides retirement benefits for eligible employees hired after July 1, 2006, as described in the Defined Contribution Pension Plan section below. PERS also includes a Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) which provides major medical coverage to all employees of the DC Plan.

An Occupational Death and Disability (ODD) plan provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within the System. Together the ARHCT, RMP and ODD plans are referred to as Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB"), which are further described in the Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (OPEB) section below.

#### State of Alaska PERS Defined Benefit Plan

# **Benefits Provided**

PERS provides retirement, disability, death, and postemployment health benefits. Benefits vest with five years of credited service. Employees enrolled prior to July 1, 1986 with five or more years of credited service are entitled to annual pension benefits beginning at normal retirement age 55 or early retirement age 50. For employees enrolled after June 30, 1986, but before July 1, 2006, the normal and early retirement ages are 60 and 55, respectively. Employees with 30 or more years of credited service may retire at any age and receive a normal benefit.

Retirement benefits are calculated by multiplying the average monthly compensation (AMC) times credited PERS service times the percentage multiplier. The AMC is determined by averaging the salaries earned during the five highest (three highest for Police/Fire members or members hired prior to July 1, 1996) consecutive payroll years. Members must earn at least 115 days of credit in the last year worked to include it in the AMC calculation. PERS pays a minimum benefit of \$25 per month for each year of service when the calculated benefit is less.

The percentage multipliers for police/fire personnel are 2.00% for the first ten years of service and 2.50% for all service over 10 years. The percentage multipliers for all other participants are 2.00% for the first 10 years, 2.25% for the next 10 years, and 2.50% for all remaining service earned on or after July 1, 1986. All service before that date is calculated at 2.00%.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Postemployment healthcare benefits are provided without cost to all members first enrolled before July 1, 1986. Members first enrolled after June 30, 1986 and who have not reached age 60 may elect to pay for major medical benefits; thereafter they are provided without cost.

The Plan has two types of postretirement pension adjustments (PRPA). The automatic PRPA is issued annually to all eligible benefit recipients, when the cost-of-living increases in the previous calendar year. The automatic PRPA increase is paid beginning July 1 of each year. The discretionary PRPA may be granted to eligible recipients by the Plan's Administrator if the funding ratio of the Plan meets or exceeds 105%. If both an automatic and discretionary PRPA are granted, and a retiree is eligible for both adjustments, the one that provides the retiree the greater increase will be paid.

#### Contributions

Contribution requirements of the active plan members and the participating employers are actuarially determined and approved by the Board as an amount that, when combined, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The DB Plans members' contribution rates are 7.5% for peace officers and firefighters, 9.6% for some school district employees, and 6.75% for general DB Plan members, as required by statute. The Borough's effective contribution rate is 22.00% of annual payroll. Alaska Statute 39.35.280 states that the State of Alaska, as a non-employer contributing entity, shall contribute each July 1, or as soon after July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year, an amount that when combined with the total employer contributions is sufficient to pay the System's past service liability at the actuarially determined contribution rate adopted by the Board for that fiscal year. Additionally, there is a Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability (DBUL) amount levied against the Defined Contribution Retirement (DC) Plan payroll. The DBUL amount is computed as the difference between:

- (A) The amount calculated for the 22.00% statutory employer contribution rate on eligible salary, less
- (B) The total of the employer contributions for
  - (1) the defined contribution employer matching amount,
  - (2) major medical,
  - (3) occupational death & disability, and
  - (4) health reimbursement arrangement.

The difference is deposited based on an actuarial allocation into the DB Plan's pension and healthcare funds.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2023, the Borough reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Borough. The amount recognized by the Borough as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Borough were as follows:

Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,155,603
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated the Borough	1,150,747
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,306,350

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Borough will record the entire net pension liability, including the State's proportionate share, if the State of Alaska no longer contributes its proportionate share as measured by the annual State contributions and provided under Alaska Statute 39.35.280. By changing the existing statute to a higher rate above and up to the actuarially determined rate, the Borough may be required to record some or all of the State's proportion and its contribution amounts will increase accordingly.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Borough's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Borough's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Borough's proportion was .08153%, which was a decrease of .02344% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Borough recognized a net pension benefit of \$1,128,662 including revenue of \$75,173 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	\$ 118,810		\$	-	
Borough contributions subsequent to measurement date		367,153			
Total	\$	485,963	\$	_	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, \$367,153 resulting from Borough contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the measurement year (fiscal year) as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023 (2024)	\$ (14,125)
2024 (2025)	(36,205)
2025 (2026)	(86,914)
2025 (2026)	256,054

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability at the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	For peace officer/firefighter, increases range from 8.50% to 3.85% based on
	service. For all others, increases range from 6.75% to 2.75% based on service.
	Graded service, from 6.75% to 2.85% for all others

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.5% and a real rate of return of 4.75%.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Mortality

Pre-commencement and post-commencement mortality rates were based upon the appropriate Pub-2010 Employee Table for each defined employee group with appropriate generational improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021. The new assumptions were adopted to better reflect expected future experience and are effective June 30, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude an inflation component of 2.50%):

	Target	Long-term
	Asset	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Broad domestic equity	27.00%	6.51%
Global equity (non-US)	18.00	5.70
Aggregate bonds	21.00	0.31
Opportunistic	6.00	-
Real assets	14.00	3.71
Private equity	14.00	9.61
Cash equivalents	-	(0.50)

# **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and nonemployer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Borough's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Curront

	Current								
	19	1% Decrease		% Decrease Discount rate 1%		Discount rate		ate 1% Increase	
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)			
Borough's proportionate share of the net									
pension liability	\$	5,594,354	\$	4,155,603	\$	2,942,455			

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

#### Plan Description

The Borough participates in the State of Alaska Defined Contribution Pension Plan (DC Plan), Tier 4, which provides pension benefits and certain Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) benefits similar to those of the defined benefit plan for eligible employees hired after July 1, 2006. The State of Alaska Healthcare Reimbursement Arrangement Plan is also provided to allow medical expenses to be reimbursed from individual savings accounts established for eligible participants. The OPEB benefits are described further below. Additionally, certain active members of the DB Plan were eligible to transfer to the DC Plan if that member had not vested in the DB Plan. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. The DC Plan is administered by the System.

# Pension Benefits

A participating member is immediately and fully vested in that member's contributions and related earnings (losses). A member shall be fully vested in the employer contributions made on that member's behalf, and related earnings (losses), after five years of service. A member is partially vested in the employer contributions made on that member's behalf, and the related earnings, in the ratio of (a) 25% with two years of service; (b) 50% with three years of service; (c) 75% with four years of service; and (d) 100% with five years of service.

# **Contributions**

Alaska statutes require an 8.0% contribution rate for DC Plan members. Employers are required to contribute 5.0% of the member's compensation. For the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, employee contributions totaled \$155,260 and \$151,065, respectively, and the Borough recognized pension expense of \$97,037 and \$94,415 respectively.

#### Refunds

A member is eligible to elect distribution of their account 60 days after termination of employment.

#### **Participant Accounts**

Participant accounts under the DC Plan are self-directed with respect to investment options.

Each participant designates how contributions are to be allocated among the investment options. Each participant's account is credited with the participant's contributions and the appreciation or depreciation in unit value for the investment funds.

Record-keeping/administrative fees, consisting of a fixed amount, applied in a lump sum each calendar year, and a variable amount, applied monthly, are deducted from each participant's account, applied pro rata to all the funds in which the employee participates. This fee is for all costs incurred by the record keeper and by the State. The investment management fees are netted out of the funds' performance.

# <u>Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (OPEB)</u>

#### **OPEB Benefits Provided**

Major medical benefits under (ARHCT) are provided to retirees and their surviving spouses at no premium cost for all members hired before July 1, 1986 (Tier 1), and disabled retirees. Members hired after June

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

30, 1986 (Tier 2), and their surviving spouses with five years of credited service (or ten years of credited service for those first hired after June 30, 1996 (Tier 3)) must pay the full monthly premium if they are under age 60 and will receive benefits at no premium cost if they are over age 60. Tier 3 members with between five and ten years of credited service must pay the full monthly premium regardless of their age. Tier 2 and Tier 3 members with less than five years of credited service are not eligible for postemployment healthcare benefits. Tier 2 members who are receiving a conditional benefit and are age eligible are eligible for postemployment healthcare benefits. In addition, peace officers and their surviving spouses with 25 years of peace officer membership service and all other members and their surviving spouses with 30 years of membership service receive benefits at no premium cost, regardless of their age or date of hire. Peace officers/firefighters who are disabled and retire between 20 and 25 years must pay the full monthly premium.

The Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD) provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within the System.

The Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DC Plan. The RMP is self-insured. Members are not eligible to use this plan until they have at least 10 years of service, and are Medicare age eligible.

#### Contributions

Employer contribution rates for major medical OPEB benefits to the ARHCT are actuarially determined and adopted by the Board as described in the PERS defined pension plan above. The 2023 employer effective contribution rate is 22.00% of member's compensation.

Employer contributions for the ODD plan are to each member's account based on the member's compensation. For fiscal year 2023, the rates are .68% for occupational death and disability for peace officers and firefighters, and 0.30% for occupational death and disability all other members.

Employer contribution rates for the RMP plan are actuarially determined and adopted by the Board. For fiscal year 2023, the employer rate is 1.10% of member's compensation.

# OPEB Liabilities (Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the Borough reported a liability (asset) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) for each OPEB plan which reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the Borough. The amount recognized by the Borough as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset), the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability (asset) that was associated with the Borough were as follows:

	ARHCT	ODD	RMP	Total
Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (1,592,178)	\$ (58,390)	\$ (41,472)	\$ (1,692,040)
State's proportionate share of the net				
OPEB liability associated the Borough	(455,195)	-	-	(455,195)
Total Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (2,047,373)	\$ (58,390)	\$ (41,472)	\$ (2,147,235)

The Borough will record the entire net RMP OPEB liability, including the State's proportionate share, if the State of Alaska no longer contributes its proportionate share as measured by the annual State contributions and provided under Alaska Statute 39.35.280. By changing the existing statute to a higher

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

rate above and up to the actuarially determined rate, the Borough may be required to record some or all of the State's proportion and its contribution amounts will increase accordingly.

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability (asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Borough's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Borough's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Borough's proportion averaged .0809% for ARHCT, ODD and RM, which was a decrease of .0382% from the average of its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Borough recognized a net OPEB benefit of \$426,011 including revenue of \$154,626 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions	\$ 74,850	\$ 5,676
Changes in assumptions	8,030	123,166
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	98,222	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,055	32,054
Borough contributions subsequent to measurement date	137,793	<del>-</del>
Total	\$ 320,950	\$ 160,896

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$137,793 resulting from Borough contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense in the measurement year (fiscal year) as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023 (2024)	\$ (41,741)
2024 (2025)	(41,381)
2025 (2026)	(82,294)
2026 (2027)	208,348
2027 (2028)	(9,354)
Thereafter	(11,316)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability at the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Inflation rate 2.50% per year Graded by service, from 8.50% to 3.85% for peace officer/firefighter Salary increases Graded by service, from 6.75% to 2.85% for all others 7.25%, net of postretirement healthcare plan investment expenses. This is Investment rate of return based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real return of 4.75%. Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-65 medical: 7.0% grading down to 4.5% Post-65 medical: 5.5% grading down to 4.5% Prescription drug: 7.5% grading down to 4.5% Employee Group Waiver Plan (EGWP): 7.5% grading down to 4.5% Mortality Pre-commencement and post-commencement mortality rates were based upon the appropriate Pub-2010 Employee Table for each defined employee group with appropriate generational improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2017. As a result of this experience study, the Board adopted updated actuarial assumptions for the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation to better reflect expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude an inflation component of 2.50%):

·	Target Asset	Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Broad domestic equity	27.00%	6.51%
Global equity (non-US)	18.00	5.70
Aggregate bonds	21.00	0.31
Opportunistic	6.00	-
Real assets	14.00	3.71
Private equity	14.00	9.61
Cash equivalents	-	(0.50)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and non-employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy, which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Sensitivity of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Borough's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	
	19	% Decrease	Discount rate	1% Increase
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
ARHCT	\$	(945,984)	\$ (1,592,178)	\$ (2,134,070)
ODD	\$	(55,003)	\$ (58,390)	\$ (61,039)
RMP	\$	7,628	\$ (41,472)	\$ (78,916)

# <u>Sensitivity of the Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) for the ARHCT and ODD plans as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2022 actuarial valuation report, as well as what the respective amount for each plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates (trend not provided for ODD as healthcare is not a component of the measurement of the liability or asset):

			Current	
	1	% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
ARHCT	\$	(2,197,818)	\$ (1,592,178)	\$ (868,928)
RMP	\$	(84,058)	\$ (41,472)	\$ 15,887

# **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The separately issued PERS financial report has more information about the OPEB plan's net position.

#### Total Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources

Total deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources included in the Statement of Net Position consists of the following at June 30, 2023:

	Defe	Deferred Inflows					
	of	of Resources					
Pension Related	\$	485,963	\$	-			
OPEB Related		320,950		160,896			
Total	\$	806,913	\$	160,896			

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#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **NOTE 12 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS**

Interfund balances represent cash collected or disbursed on behalf of another fund. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Interfund Balances						
	[	Due from	Dυ	e to other			
	01	ther funds		funds			
General Fund	\$	115,843	\$	9,495,033			
Permanent Fund		-		121,573			
Small Grant Special Revenue Fund		1,622,094		-			
New School Debt Service		-		7,690			
Captial Project Funds		1,088,633		-			
Passenger Vessel Tax		211,790		-			
Other Governmental Funds		2,166,379		-			
Water Fund		47,303		-			
Sewer Fund		557,481		-			
Small Boat Harbor Fund		939,163		115,843			
Lutak Dock Fund		2,646,984		-			
Port Chilkoot Dock Fund		344,469		-			
	\$	9,740,139	\$	9,740,139			

Interfund transfers result from the Borough's budget process and are as follows:

								Transfers	s In						
				Capital				Other						Port	
	(	General	- 1	Project	Pe	rmanent	Go	vernmental				Sm	all Board	Chilkoot	
		Fund		Funds		Fund		Funds		Water	Sewer		Harbor	Dock	Total
Transfers out:															
General fund	\$	38,943	\$	989,932	\$	450,000	\$	-	\$	9,390	\$ 70,145	\$	68,130	\$ -	\$ 1,626,540
Capital Project Funds		230,811		-		-		26,200		111,126	-		-	-	368,137
Passenger vessel tax Other governmental		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	30,616	30,616
funds		118,265		-		-		-		-	-		206,512	-	324,777
Total	\$	388,019	\$	989,932	\$	450,000	\$	26,200	\$	120,516	\$ 70,145	\$	274,642	\$ 30,616	\$ 2,350,070

Transfers between funds are in accordance with the Borough Code and budgetary authorizations, and are generally used for capital outlay and operations.

### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

Haines Borough is exposed to numerous risks of loss associated with the operations of a government. These potential losses include, but are not limited to, employee relations and injuries, contracts, theft, loss or damage of property, natural disasters and general liability. The Borough manages its risks from these potential losses by participating in Alaska Public Entity Insurance (a governmental insurance pool), as well as purchasing commercial insurance coverage. This insurance has provided the Borough with adequate coverage in the past. The Borough's insurance is on a claims-occurred basis, except for public officials' coverage which is on a claims-made basis. There were no significant changes in insurance coverage obtained and there were no claims or settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Borough, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and pending litigation. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Borough's general-purpose financial statements.

#### **NOTE 14 - PERMANENT FUND**

The Borough Assembly has established the Haines Borough Permanent Fund ("the Permanent Fund"). Any deposits into the Permanent Fund shall not be spent, but shall be held perpetually in trust for the benefit of the present and future generations of Borough residents.

Deposits into the Permanent Fund consist of net proceeds from the sale of municipal lands, less amounts allocated by the Assembly for construction of public improvements within local improvement districts. These land sales and public improvements are originally recorded in a special revenue fund (Municipal Land Disposal Special Revenue Fund). At the end of each fiscal year, the excess of revenue over expenditures in this fund is transferred as deposits to the Permanent Fund.

Income from permanent fund investments sufficient to offset the effect of inflation on principal is retained in the fund annually. The amount is calculated by computing a 3-year average of the rates of change of the Consumer Price Index and applying it to the principal balance. After inflation proofing, income derived from Permanent Fund investments may be used as designated by the Borough Assembly after consideration of public input. Income available for Borough expenses may not exceed 3.5% of the average total market value of the fund for 3 of the 4 fiscal years immediately preceding the budget year.

#### **NOTE 15 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS**

At June 30, 2023, the Borough had the capital projects commitments in two funds which are funded by federal and State of Alaska grant revenue:

		Expended	Remaining
	Authorization	to date	Commitment
Porcupine Trail Road – Phase I	\$ 1,398,660	\$ -	\$ 1,398,660
Totem Street Repairs	541,385	345,346	196,039
Beach Road Lift Station Repairs	360,250	-	360,250
Lutak dock Replacement	25,594,147	294,500	25,299,647
Total	\$ 27,894,442	\$ 639,846	\$ 27,254,596

#### **NOTE 16 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates. The following standards are required to be implemented in coming financial reporting periods. Management has not fully evaluated the potential effects of these statements.

<u>GASB 100</u> – *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – Effective for fiscal year 2024, the objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The requirements of this Statement for changes in accounting principles apply to the implementation of a new pronouncement in absence of specific transition provisions in the new pronouncement. This Statement also requires that the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position, as applicable, be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements.

GASB 101 – Compensated Absences – Effective for fiscal year 2025 ("fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023"), the objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. GASB 101 also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used.

# **NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

Subsequent to year-end, Haines Borough expended funds for the repair of Porcupine Trail Road, which was damaged in the community's flood event in 2020. The repair of the road was to be partially paid with Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) disaster funding totaling approximately \$1.3 million. Also subsequent to year-end, FEMA notified the Borough via email that it planned to deny the funding for the repair because additional work was performed beyond the FEMA approved scope utilizing a separate funding source without FEMA environmental compliance review. The Borough plans to appeal any denial by FEMA.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Tot the real Ended same 50, 2025		Budget A	ΔΜΟΙΙ	nts				Variance Favorable	
		Original	unou	Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES		- 0		-			\-		
Taxes									
Property	\$	3,074,300	\$	3,074,300	\$	3,102,243	\$	27,943	
Sales		1,887,000		2,108,000		2,302,513		194,513	
Intergovernmental									
Federal grants and contracts		347,072		347,073		429,264		82,191	
Federal payments in lieu of taxes		391,000		401,458		401,458		-	
State grants and contracts		879,315		3,181,364		3,086,406		(94,958)	
Rentals, service and admission fees		150,000		138,750		148,403		9,653	
Licenses and permits		58,500		58,500		59,021		521	
Investment earnings (loss)		133,000		206,000		225,538		19,538	
Contributions and other		61,268		83,318		83,924		606	
Total Revenues		6,981,455		9,598,763		9,838,770		240,007	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government		1,053,172		1,139,770		1,010,146		129,624	
Public safety		1,958,404		2,052,263		2,097,240		(44,977)	
Public works and streets		1,231,301		1,320,374		1,212,123		108,251	
Education		1,827,000		1,827,000		1,827,340		(340)	
Culture, recreation, and library		1,109,586		1,207,063		1,144,106		62,957	
Total Expenditures		7,179,463		7,546,470		7,290,955		255,515	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(198,008)		2,052,293		2,547,815		495,522	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		•						•	
Transfers in		435,023		363,023		388,019		24,996	
Transfers out		(207,223)		(1,110,298)		(1,626,540)		(516,242)	
Total Other Financing Sources		227,800		(747,275)		(1,238,521)		(491,246)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	29,792	\$	1,305,018	\$	1,309,294	\$	4,276	
Net change in Fully balance	۲	23,132	ڔ	1,303,010	٦	1,303,234	٧	4,270	

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# SCHEDULES OF THE BOROUGH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITIES

Fiscal Years 2014 through 2023 for Pension and Fiscal Years 2017 through 2023 for OPEB

#### **Pension**

I CHSIC	J11										
										Borough's	
										Proportionate	
					State's					Share of the	
				Pro	oportionate					Net Pension	
			Borough's	Sł	nare of the					Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	Borough's	Pro	oportionate	N	et Pension					Percentage of	Net Position as
	Proportion of	SI	hare of the		Liability					its Covered	a Percentage of
	the Net Pension	N	et Pension	Ass	ociated with	ed with Borough's		Borough's	Employee	the Total	
	Liability		Liability	th	e Borough		Total	Cov	ered Payroll	Payroll	Pension Liability
2023	0.08153%	\$	4,155,603	\$	1,150,747	\$	5,306,350	\$	2,736,284	151.87%	67.97%
2022	0.10266%	\$	3,766,158	\$	608,487	\$	4,374,645	\$	2,513,296	149.85%	76.46%
2021	0.08473%		4,999,856		2,066,544		7,066,400		2,392,136	209.01%	61.61%
2020	0.08610%		4,713,228		1,872,250		6,585,478		2,577,021	182.89%	63.42%
2019	0.09380%		4,660,832		1,349,933		6,010,765		2,650,102	175.87%	65.19%
2018	0.07656%		3,957,760		1,475,078		5,432,838		2,560,610	154.56%	63.37%
2017	0.08974%		5,016,030		633,379		5,649,409		2,437,198	205.81%	59.55%
2016	0.10934%		5,302,798		1,419,808		6,722,606		2,152,611	246.34%	63.96%
2015	0.04988%		2,326,689		2,289,751		4,616,440		2,303,150	101.02%	62.37%
2014	0.04807%		2,524,319		2,758,681		5,283,000		2,281,338	110.65%	56.04%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years since implementation of GASB 68.

# Other Postemployment Benefit

								Borough's					
								Proportionate					
		State's					Share of the						
		Proportionate					Net OPEB						
		Borough's	Sł	are of the			Liability (Asset)			Plan Fiduciary			
	Borough's	Proportionate		Net OPEB					as a Percentage	Net Position as			
	Proportion of	of Share of the		oility (Asset)			of its Covere			a Percentage of			
	the Net OPEB	Net OPEB	Ass	Associated with			Borough's		Employee	the Total OPEB			
	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	th	the Borough		Total	Covered Payroll		Payroll	Liability (Asset)			
2023	0.08090%	\$ (1,692,040)	\$	(455,195)	\$	(2,147,235)	\$ 2,736,284		-61.84%	128.51%			
2022	0.11910%	\$ (3,154,021)	\$	(353,938)	\$	(3,507,959)	\$	2,513,296	-125.49%	135.54%			
2021	0.08715%	(416,930)	)	(159,229)		(576,159)		2,392,136	-17.43%	106.15%			
2020	0.07663%	121,715		50,780		172,495		2,577,021	4.72%	63.42%			
2019	0.09380%	951,775		280,368		1,232,143	2,650,102		35.91%	65.19%			
2018	0.07663%	632,528		240,555		873,083		2,560,610	24.70%	63.37%			
2017	0.08983%	1,024,526		389,635		1,414,161		2,437,198	42.04%	59.55%			

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Borough has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF BOROUGH CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Years 2014 through 2023 for Pension and Fiscal Years 2017 through 2023 for OPEB

# **Pension**

		Contribu in Relation the	on to					Contributions as a Percentage	
Co	ontractually	Contract	ually	Contrib	ution			of Covered	
Required		Required		Deficiency		Borough's		Employee	
Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)		Covered Payroll		Payroll	
2023 \$	367,153	\$ (36)	7,153)	\$	-	\$	2,736,284		
2022	335,428	(33	5,428)		-		2,513,296	13.35%	
2021	307,643	(30	7,643)		-		2,392,136	12.86%	
2020	338,671	(33	3,671)		-		2,577,021	13.14%	
2019	361,536	(36:	1,536)		-		2,650,102	13.64%	
2018	356,457	(35)	5,457)		-		2,560,610	13.92%	
2017	255,460	(25	5,460)		-		2,437,198	10.48%	
2016	201,400	(20:	1,400)		-		2,152,611	9.36%	
2015	210,862	(21	0,862)		-		2,303,150	9.16%	
2014	191,334	(19:	1,334)		-		2,281,338	8.39%	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years since implementation of GASB 68.

# **Other Postemployment Benefit**

Contributions in Relation to the									Contributions as a Percentage	
	Contractually			Contractually		Contribution			of Covered	
	Required		F	Required		Deficiency		Borough's	Employee	
	Contribution		Co	Contribution		(Excess)		vered Payroll	Payroll	
2023	\$	137,793	\$	(137,793)	\$	-	\$	2,736,284	5.04%	
2022		123,082		(123,082)		-		2,513,296	4.90%	
2021		123,577		(123,577)		-		2,392,136	5.17%	
2020		127,612		(127,612)		-		2,577,021	4.95%	
2019		112,101		(112,101)		-		2,650,102	4.23%	
2018		115,245		(115,245)		-		2,560,610	4.50%	
2017		138,181		(138,181)		-		2,437,198	5.67%	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Borough has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

The Borough follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- a. No later than April 1 the Borough Manager shall submit to the Borough Assembly the proposed budget for the following fiscal year, along with a budget message which shall explain the proposed budget. It will also identify the six-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP) list.
- b. No later than June 1, a minimum of two public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. On or before June 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- d. The Borough Assembly may pass ordinances during the year that amend the budget.
- e. The Manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered balance to another classification within a department.
- f. The Manager may transfer balances from one department to another only with the approval of the assembly through re-appropriation.
- g. Appropriations for the general fund and special revenue funds lapse at year-end. Appropriations for capital projects and those needed to meet grant requirements lapse when the project is complete or abandoned.
- h. The Borough's legally prescribed budgetary basis of accounting is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and, accordingly, where budgetary data are presented, the budget and actual information conform to the same basis of accounting.

# Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the following departments incurred expenditures in excess of their appropriations:

					Exp	enditures
	Budget		Expenditures		Ove	er Budget
General Fund:						
Chilkat Center	\$	102,350	\$	115,769	\$	(13,419)
Municipal Swimming Pool		334,723		337,015		(2,292)
Police Department		869,141		877,449		(8,308)
Water Fund		475,921		521,049		(45,128)
PC Dock		2,700		18,956		(16,256)
	\$	1,784,835	\$	1,870,238	\$	(85,403)

### **NOTE2 – PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

GASB requires a ten-year presentation for the Schedules of The Borough's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Liabilities, and Schedules of Borough Contributions; however, until a full ten years of information is available, the Borough will present only those years for which information is available.